ADVENTURES in good company

HIKING THROUGH HISTORY IN SHENANDOAH NATIONAL PARK **PACKING LIST**

FOOTWEAR		CL	CLOTHING	
	1 pair of lightweight to mid- weight hiking boots or shoes (waterproof and broken in)		1-2 pairs comfortable, synthetic long pants for hiking (zip offs work well)	
0	1 pair of alternate trail running shoes (In case you get blisters from your main hiking shoes. Can be helpful to have a size slightly larger than your hiking shoes)		1 pair of shorts or 3/4 pants (lightweight and quick drying)	
			1-2 lightweight, long-sleeved shirt for sun/bug protection (button up front is the best)	
	1 pair of comfortable athletic shoes , Keens, or Teva/Chaco	•	2-3 synthetic or lightweight merino wool T-shirts or short-sleeved shirts	
	sandals: for sightseeing, walking & general use		1 pair lightweight long	
	(Optional) 2 pairs of thin liner socks : silk or synthetic		underwear top and bottoms - silk, wool or synthetic equivalent	
	equivalent (If you plan on hiking in liner socks on the trip, please		1 lightweight jacket or vest	
			1 midweight fleece jacket or sweater	
0	train with them too) 2-3 pairs of hiking socks: (wool or synthetic equivalent: Smartwool, Bridgedale, Darn Tough)		1 puffy jacket	
			1 rain jacket and rain pants/rain skirt: should be a waterproof/breathable fabric like Gore-tex	
EQUIPMENT/ESSENTIALS:			1 wide brimmed or baseball	
	1 pair trekking poles (required)	_	style cap/hat for protection from the sun/rain	
	1 daypack (24-30 Liter)		Underwear and nightwear	
_	Capability to 'waterproof' your backpack. Either a rain cover or a heavy-duty plastic bag to line your pack.		1 pair wool, Capilene, or Polartec gloves	
			1 lightweight wool or fleece hat (a buff can also serve as a hat)	
	2-3 Liter water capacity (if you are bringing a hydration system, you may also want a water bottle for daily use)	•	2-3 changes of comfortable clothes for casual wear (e.g. pants and/or skirt, with a couple of tops) try Toad & Co for	
	Sunglasses (100% UV protection) w/retention strap	•	sustainable options! 1 swimsuit or quick-dry shorts and a sports bra/t-shirt	

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	1-2 bandannas/buffs Sunscreen and lip protection		Camera and film/memory card (extra batteries)
	Ear plugs (for a good night's sleep!)		Cell phone, charger
	Plastic, tupperware type		Wristwatch/travel alarm clock
_	container (for lunch/sandwich)		Book/Journal and pen
	Spork (for trail lunches)		Short ankle gaiters
TOILETRIES (SMALL EVERYTHING)			Pocketknife
	Toothbrush and toothpaste		Compact binoculars
	Dental floss		Lightweight umbrella
	Hand sanitizer		Small headlamp or flashlight
	Shampoo & conditioner		Kula cloth
	Personal items (contact lens supplies, sanitary items, personal medications) Personal first aid/patch kit: Band-Aids, 1 safety pin, moleskin, Compeed (or blister bandages), ibuprofen, etc.	0	Sit pad (for sitting on the ground during trail breaks and lunches). Could be one section of a closed cell foam sleeping pad.
			Extra snacks (snacks will also
	Please note: Individuals who have had or have the potential for a severe allergic reaction to insect stings, specific foods or medications must bring an epi-pen. Please consult your		be provided)

OPTIONAL

ADVENTURES IN GOOD COMPANY'S packing list covers everything you need to ensure your safety and comfort. You may not use everything you bring; however, you need to come prepared for all possible weather conditions. At the same time, <u>you must be able to carry your own luggage</u>, sometimes up and down stairs.

physician and tell your guide.

PERSONAL FIRST AID KIT: Bring a small first aid kit with familiar medicine and first aid supplies you might need. Recommendations include the following: blister or foot remedies like moleskin, Compeed, blister bandages, a small roll of duct tape (always helpful!), and personal medications. The guides will have a first aid kit, but having what you know works well for you is a good idea.

DAYPACKS: Your daypack should be large enough to hold the following items: 2-3 liters of water, rain gear, lunch/snacks (for the day), sunscreen, a warm layer (fleece pullover or vest), personal first aid kit, lightweight gloves, warm hat and personal items such as camera, etc. We recommend a <u>daypack with a capacity between 24 – 30 Liters</u> (1450 and 1840 cubic inches) with a hip belt, padded shoulder straps, and 'lifters'. Before you leave home, check to be sure that it is comfortable to wear all day and has sufficient space for all of your items.

PACK COVER: These are <u>waterproof/resistant</u>, <u>usually elasticized covers</u> designed to go over your backpack and keep both the pack and its contents dry in case of inclement weather. Pack covers are sized. If you are purchasing a pack cover, be sure to either take your pack with you or know the size cover you need. Many daypacks do come with built-in pack covers. An alternative to purchasing a pack cover is to use a <u>heavy-duty plastic bag</u> to line your pack to protect the contents from rain – your pack, however, will get wet using this method.

FOOTWEAR: Well-fitting, sturdy boots or trail shoes are very important to your safety and enjoyment. If you plan to buy new boots, break them in by wearing them around town and taking some short hikes before your trip. For general hiking, lightweight or mid-weight Cordura or leather boots with a Vibram sole work well. If you have weak ankles or are recovering from an ankle surgery, get boots that come above the ankle - you'll find that this will give you more support in uneven or slippery terrain. Remember to waterproof your boots before the trip. Even boots billed as 'waterproof' need to be treated with a waterproofing product.

CLOTHING: The clothing listed on the packing list has been chosen for your specific trip conditions and for its versatility for layering. NO COTTON for your activewear! It should all be made from synthetic/synthetic blends, down/down blends, or wool/wool blends. Layering is the most practical and efficient method of insulating the body. Several layers of varied-weight materials provide better insulation than one thick layer of clothing. Also, adding or subtracting layers allows you to adjust to the temperature at your particular level of activity.

RAIN GEAR: You will need a <u>parka or jacket</u> made of coated nylon or a waterproof/breathable fabric like Gore-tex, Hellytech, Membrane, H2No, or Ultrex. Be sure it keeps water out. Before making this necessary purchase, be sure that it fits you properly. It should be large enough to fit over all your layers. In particular, the hood needs to be effective. It should shield your face from the rain and turn with your head. Movement of your arms must not interfere with the hood. Put on your daypack; can you still raise your arms? Your wind/rain pants should be comfortable, allow enough room for your layers, and permit free movement of your legs. Partial or full-length leg zippers are helpful for easily putting your pants on over your boots.

HYDRATION: Being able to easily access your water without assistance so that you can drink frequently is important to your safety and enjoyment. One method is to have a <u>water bottle</u> attached to your waist strap. Another option is to use a <u>hydration system</u> such as Camelbak, Platypus, and MSR bladder bags, which are collapsible water bags with a hose attachment that you drink from. The bags fit inside or outside your pack with the hose positioned over your shoulder so that you can access your water as you hike. Bladder bags can hold 1 - 3 liters of water.

TREKKING POLES: <u>Trekking poles are required for this trip</u>. Trekking poles contribute to your safety by improving your balance and stability and to your health by saving stress on your hips and knees. If you are not familiar with trekking poles, read this blog post that addresses the most commonly asked questions: <u>Trekking Poles for Hiking Trips: The 4 Most Common Questions</u>

Be sure to check out the Adventures in Good Company Gear Guide—it's packed with great recommendations to help you gear up for your adventure!

Click <u>here</u> to view our recommendations!