PACKING LIST - HUT TO HUT ON THE APPALACHIAN TRAIL

*Note: The huts provide a bed, wool blankets and a pillow, as well as, breakfast, dinner and water. In your backpack, you will need and be carrying clothes and lunches for the 4 days you will stay at the huts. You can leave a bag at the Highland Center, (your first and last night's lodging), with additional items.

FOOTWEAR	
1 pair mid-weight hiking boots. Boots should be well brok	cen in. Highly recommended to come above ankle.
1 pair of comfortable athletic shoes, crocs or Teva-like sa	ndals for wearing around the lodges
2-3 pairs of hiking socks (wool or synthetic equivalent: Sn	nartwool, Thorlo, DarnTough)
2 pair synthetic, lightweight liner socks (optionalnot everyone uses sock liners)	
CLOTHING	
2 pair of comfortable supplex/nylon long/capri pants for	hiking. Zip-offs work well. (1 pair shorts or hiking shirt if not
using zip-offs.)	
2 synthetic or lightweight wool T-shirts or short-sleeved s	shirts
1 lightweight, long-sleeved shirt for hiking. Button up from	
1 pair lightweight long underwear top and bottoms: silk,	
polypropylene) – these can double as nightwear	
1 medium-weight top layer: Fleece jacket or pullover.	
1 warm fleece/down jacket	
1 rain parka and rain pants: coated nylon or a waterprod	of/breathable fabric like Gore-tex.
Underwear	
1 pair wool, Capilene, or Polartec gloves	
1 warm wool or fleece hat	
1 wide-brimmed hat for protection from the sun	
1 swimsuit (for alpine swims) (optional)	
 Toothbrush, toothpaste, dental floss, hand sanitizer, share Small towel or backpacking towel to use at the huts. Sunscreen and lip protection with sunblock of at least SP Personal first aid/personal 'patch' kit, Band-Aids, 1 safety medications, if any. Individuals allergic to insect bites must guide. 	F 15 pin, moleskin, blister bandages, ibuprofen,personal
EQUIPMENT/ESSENTIALS	
1 pair Trekking poles (required)	
Sunglasses (100% UV protection) w/retention strap	Insect Repellant
Small headlamp or flashlight	1 – 2 bandanas
Ear plugs (for a good night's sleep!)	Your favorite lunch/snack
1 daypack (see notes on packing list for recommended ca	pacity)
1 hydration system or Nalgene type water bottles (Total	capacity 2 Liters – you can refill water at each hut)
Capability to 'waterproof' your backpack. Either a rainco	ver or a heavy-duty plastic bag to line your pack
Sleeping bag liner/travel sheet (the huts provide wool bla	inkets and pillows)
Pillowcase – huts provide pillows and pillowcases other p cleanliness concerns	participants recommended bringing their own to eliminate
OPTIONAL (personal preference, not required)	
Camera (extra battery) and film/memory card	Book, notebook, journal, pencil/pen
Binoculars	Wristwatch/travel alarm clock
Short Gaiters	

NOTES ON PACKING

Adventures in Good Company's packing list includes items to help you be prepared for the various activities and conditions. It is not personalized, so please add the items that you require to travel safely and comfortably but remember – less is better! You may not use everything you bring; however, you need to come prepared for all possible weather. At the same time, you must be able to carry your own luggage, sometimes up and downstairs. Bringing a duffel bag or soft-sided suitcase with wheels, rather than a hard-sided suitcase, is easier for packing into the vans that will be transporting our luggage. As space for luggage on our trips is limited, please do not overpack!

Daypacks: Your daypack should be large enough to hold the following items: 2 liters of water, rain gear, lunch/snacks (for the day), sun screen, warm layer (fleece pullover or vest), personal first aid kit, lightweight gloves, warm hat, sleep sack, lunches/snacks while on trail and personal items such as camera ,etc. We recommend a daypack with a capacity of between 36 – 50 Liters (2,200 and 3050 cubic inches) with a hip belt, padded shoulder straps, and 'lifters'. Line your daypack with a durable plastic bag to keep your belongings dry, or have an elasticized pack cover that fits snuggly over it. Before you leave home check to be sure that it is comfortable to wear all day and has sufficient space for all of your items.

Footwear: Well-fitting, sturdy boots or trail shoes are very important to your safety and enjoyment. If you plan to buy new boots, break them in by wearing them around town and taking some short hikes *before* your trip. For general hiking, lightweight or midweight cordura or leather boots with a Vibram sole work well. If you have weak ankles or are recovering from an ankle injury, get boots that come above the ankle– you'll find that this will give you more support in uneven or slippery terrain. Remember to waterproof your boots before the trip. Even boots billed as 'waterproof' need to be treated with a waterproofing product.

Clothing: The clothing listed on the packing list has been chosen for your specific trip conditions and for its versatility for layering. NO COTTON for your active wear! It should all be made from synthetic/synthetic blends, down/down blends or wool/wool blends. Layering is the most practical and efficient method of insulating the body. Several layers of varied weight materials provide better insulation than one thick Layer of clothing. Also, adding or subtracting layers allows you to adjust to the temperature at your particular level of activity.

Rain Gear: You will need a parka or jacket made of a coated nylon or a waterproof/breathable fabric like Gore-tex, HellyTech, Membrane, H2No, or Ultrex. Be sure it keeps water out. Before making this important purchase, be sure that it fits you properly. It should be large enough to fit over all your layers. In particular, the hood needs to be effective. It should shield your face from the rain and turn with your head. Movement of your arms must not interfere with the hood. Put on your daypack; can you still raise your arms? Your wind/rain pants should be comfortable, allow enough room for your layers, and permit free movement of your legs (for example, can you crouch comfortably?). Partial or full-length leg zippers are useful for easily putting your pants on over your boots. An inexpensive plastic poncho will both leak and tear easily and is not recommended.

Hydration: Being able to easily access your water without assistance, so that you can drink frequently, is important to your safety and enjoyment. One method is to have a water bottle attached to your waist strap. Another option is to use a **HYDRATION SYSTEM** such as CamelBak, Platypus, and MSR bladder bags, which are collapsible water bags with a hose attachment that you drink from. The bags fit inside or outside your pack with the hose positioned over your shoulder so that you can access your water as you hike. Bladder bags can hold 1 - 3 liters of water.

Personal First Aid Kit: Bring a small first aid kit with familiar medicine and first aid supplies you might need. Recommendations include the following: blister or foot remedies like moleskin, Compeed, blister bandages, or similar, a small role of duct tape (always useful!), remedies for respiratory ailments, stomach ailments, sore muscles or joints. The guides will have a first aid kit but having what you know works well for you is a good idea.

Trekking Poles: Trekking poles are required for this trip. Trekking poles contribute to your safety by improving your balance and stability, and to your health by saving stress on your hips and knees. If you are not familiar with trekking poles, click here to read this blog post that addresses the most commonly asked questions.